A SURVEY REPORT ON THE EFFECTIVENESS OF ADVANCE ORGANIZERS RESEARCH AS A TEACHING STRATEGY

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ABSTRACT

- ❖ Effect of advance organizers on students' achievement and retention of subjects concepts at various learning levels has been a vibrant area of research in education.
- Use of advance organizers has been attributed to overcoming low performance of students in subjects like chemistry, physics and others.
- ❖ The causes of low performance has been attributed to insufficient man power, lack of equipment, poor attitude of students, poor understanding of concepts involved and even overloaded curriculum and ineffective teaching.
- ❖ Recently published research results on the effectiveness of advance organizers in teaching. Integration of technology for the construct
- If seen as an intervention to improving performance and retention, teachers and tutors will be encouraged to adopt advance organizer teaching strategy.
- ❖ Key Words: Advance organizer, types of advance organizer, achievement, retention, technology

INTRODUCTION

- Science teaching and learning process is mandatory part of education in many countries of the world.
- Efforts are being made to improve the learning of science subjects.
- Advance organizers theory supports effective teaching and learning process.
- It is an appropriate instructional strategy for teaching science concepts.
- An advance organizer is not a summary or review of a previous lesson. It does not provide a structure for the current lesson but provides a structure for student thinking and acts as a conceptual bridge from the old information to the new information.
- An advance organizer is designed to cue the relevant prior knowledge of the student and it is normally presented at higher order abstraction level.
- Analogies and metaphors are frequently used as advance organizers.
- Advance organizers provide frame works to enable students learn new ideas or information by meaningfully link these ideas the existing knowledge

Advance Organizers

- Use of advance organizers is one of the evidence-based pedagogical strategies to promote meaningful learning in traditional classrooms.
- ❖ An advance organizer is defined as relevant introductory materials presented in advance of a lesson of higher abstraction, generality and inclusiveness than the learning tasks itself.
- ❖ This learning strategy has been proven to be an effective learning strategy to activate existing knowledge and to provide information to incorporate details of new lessons in traditional classroom environments.
- Among the different formats of advance organizers, the concept map, a visual advance organizer, has been widely used in classrooms and noted with positive effects on learning.
- Recent studies on the use of advance organizers reveal a mild but positive effect on learning and retention.

Types of Advance Organizers

- **Expository**, this is a description of a new concept to be presented, highlighting important content.
- ❖ Narrative, the anecdote that connects personal experiences or real world events to the new concept to be presented.
- ❖ **Skimming**, this are previews of readings that will occur later in the lesson, paying special attention to headings, bold print, etc.
- ❖ **Graphic**, examples, such as KWLs, flow charts, and other visual tools that tap into prior knowledge or imply the scope and organization of new content.
- From varies researches ,advance organizers come at the beginning of a lesson or during the statement of lesson objectives before the new learning.
- Advance organizers help students prepare their brains to receive and make sense of the new information. Successful advance organizers forecast or access the prior knowledge to discern what is important in the lesson and learning it to the point of recall.

Constructing Advance Organizers

The basic questions an instructor needs to ask while preparing an advance organizer includes the following among others:

- 1. How will this organizer engage students?
- help students connect to prior learning/existing cognitive structures?
- discern what is important in the lesson?
- organize content from the lesson?
- 2. How will I reference this organizer during or after instruction?
- 3. How will the advance organizer be implemented in advance?

MODEL

- The ASSURE model for teachers' planning for media use recommends the following steps:
- Analyze learners
- State objectives
- Select media and materials
- Utilize media and materials
- Require learner participation
- Evaluate and revise (Heinich, Molenda, & Russell, 1993, pp. 34-35)

Studies on Advance Organizer Effect

- ❖ The ultimate end is to construct knowledge instead of vote memorization by using activity based methods and inquiry based methods. Learning is effective while meaningful, improvement of science education in this era of technological innovations is a dire need.
- "how to learn is equally important with what to learn but how to teach is more important than what to teach."
- ❖ Using the variate of "voting techniques', of 32 advance organizer studies classified as having significant and no significant effects, it was noted that no significant studies outnumbered significant ones and hence concluded that advance organizers as constructed generally do not facilitate learning.
- Inaccuracies and inconsistencies in the voting technique were noted.

Continued.....

- Techniques by which treatment effects may be quantified and standardized and compared were proposed.
- ❖ In a study to analyze the effectiveness of advance organizer studies covering the period from 1960 to 1979 using "effect size" Statistics (E.S). E.S= $\frac{X_t-X_c}{SDc}$ where: X_t= mean of treatment group, X_c = mean of control group and SD_c = Standard deviation of control group, is a standardized measure of treatment effect that may be applied to a single study or averaged across several studies of similar type to provide a composite figure.
- The use of E.S avoided the bias of the voting technique and the detection of small, but consistent treatment effects are made possible across studies.
- The results for the period 1960 to 1979 analyzed considered mainly the effect of the advance organizer on learning and retention

TABLE 1: SUMMARY OF RECENT STUDIES

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Baiyun Chen,
Atsusi Hirumi
University of
Central Florida

expository and	students of	the use of Advance Organizers	Dr.
comparative 9th grade		Strategy had a positive effect on	TanveerUzZam
advance		the performance of experimental	an,
organizers		group. The use of Advance	Farkhunda
also used were	:	Organizers Strategy found to be	Rasheed
Pictorial and		helpful for enhancing retention	Choudhary,
written		ability of the students.	Arshad
advance			Mahmood
organizers			Qamar

blackboard,				
skill of				
demonstration				
and skill of				
achieving				
closure.				
Pictorial,	Senior	1.Pictorial Advance Organizers		Okey, I. F. and
written and	Secondary	(PAO) is most facilitating in	Avwiri, E.	
verbal	School two	enhancing the performance and		
advance		Retention of concepts in		
organizers		electromagnetism.		
		2.No significant difference existed		
		between the mathematical		
		abilities of students taught using		
		the advance organizers and those		
		taught without advance organizers		
		in their performances on the		
		concepts of electromagnetism		

Conclusion

Notice that, without the advantage of any setup, without any forecasting of content or accessing of prior knowledge, discerning what is important and learning it to the point of recall is rather challenging.